Numb. 5528

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday April 9. to Saturday April 13. 1717.

Weſtminſter, April 10.

HIS Majeſty came this Day to the Houſe of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes ſeated on the Throne, with the uſual Solemnity, Sir William Oldes, Gentleman-Uſher of the Black Rod, was ſent with a Meſſage from His Majeſty to the Houſe of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the Houſe of Peers; the Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majeſty was pleaſed to give the Royal Aſſent to two publick Bills and to one private Bill, *viz.*

An Act for granting an Aid to His Majeſty by a Land-Tax in Great-Britain *for the Service of the Year One Thouſand Seven Hundred Seventeen.*

An Act for enlarging the Time granted by an Act paſſed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of Her late Majeſty Queen Anne, *intitled, An Act for making a convenient Dock or Baſon at* Liverpoole, *for Security of all Ships trading to and from the ſaid Port of* Liverpoole.

An Act for Naturalizing Iſaac Kuyckvan Mierop.

St. James's, April 12.

An humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Monmouth, at the Aſſizes held for the ſaid County on Thurſday, March 21, 1716-17, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Thomas Lewis, Eſq; one of the Knights of the Shire for the ſaid County, introduced by his Grace the Duke of Grafton.

Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Vienna, April 3. The Letters from Tranſilvania adviſe, that upon General Mercy's putting under Contribution that Part of Walachia which is ſituated beyond the River Alautha, and is ſtill in the Poſſeſſion of the Turks, Mauro Cordato, Brother to him that was lately taken at Buchoreſt, applied himſelf to the Tartars for Protection, who accordingly came to his Relief; but inſtead of 800 Men that were deſired, they brought 8000, who plundered the Province, and carried off all they could: Whereupon Mauro Cordato ſent to treat with General Mercy, and agreed with him to pay 25000 Florins a Month Contribution, whereof the firſt monthly Payment is actually made. Prince Eugene is returned hither from Moravia: All Things are preparing for a vigorous Campaign. The General Rendezvous of the Army is indeed put off from the 15th of April to the 12th of May, but then it is reſolved to take the Field and enter upon Action. 'Tis ſaid the Imperial Army will be divided into two Bodies, one of which, under Prince Eugene, is to form the Siege of Belgrade, while the other, commanded by General Mercy, is to obſerve the Motions of the Turks, it being not yet known whether they will endeavour to hinder the Siege, or make a Diverſion in Tranſilvania.

Dreſden, April 7. The Queen has been very much indiſpoſed, for ſome Days, at Torgaw. Letters from Warſaw of the 31ſt of laſt Month give an Account, that the Day before, at Six in the Morning, the King imbarked on the Viſtula, having no more Poles in his Retinue than the Staroſt Branicky and a Gentleman of Podolia: His Majeſty propoſed to ſtop but four Days at Dantzick, and then to proceed to Leipſick by the Way of Torgaw. Letters from Venice of the 26th of laſt Month adviſe, that the Electoral Prince of Saxony will not ſet out from thence ſo ſoon as was believed, ſo that he will not arrive in this Country till the Fair of Leipſick is over.

Copenhagen, April 10. The Deal-Caſtle, a Britiſh Man of War, commanded by Captain Willis, arrived here on the 5th Inſtant. He brought in with him two Ships which he retook from the Swedes in the North Sea, one of them is a large Dutch Fly-Boat laden with Wine and Brandy, the other is the Packet-Boat which carried from Holland the Mail for England of the 19th paſt; but the Mail was taken away by the Swediſh Privateer, who having put ſome of his Men into theſe two Veſſels, went to cruiſe again. By Letters from Norway we learn, that a Daniſh Privateer has taken a Swediſh Ship laden with Iron and Copper, bound for France. There are in this Port fifteen Daniſh Men of War,